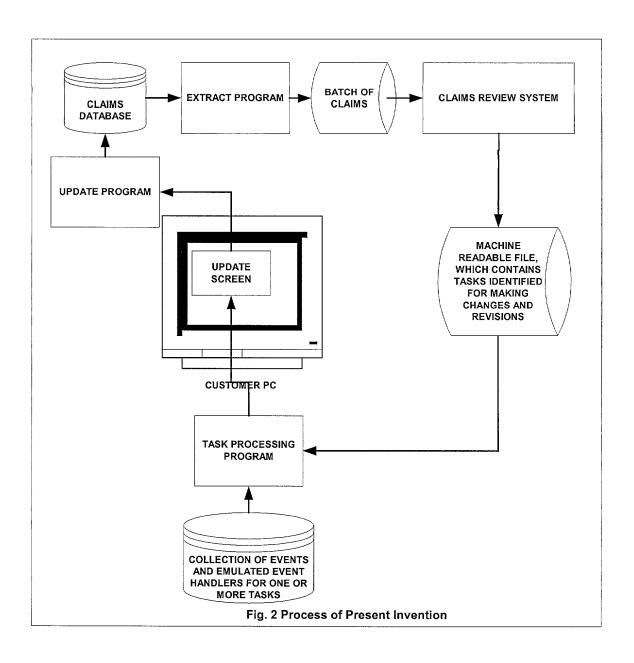
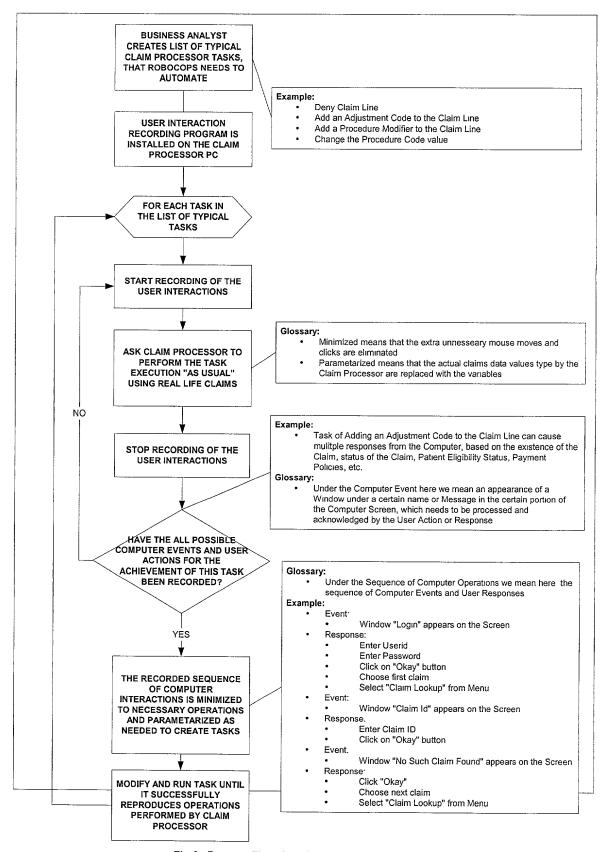


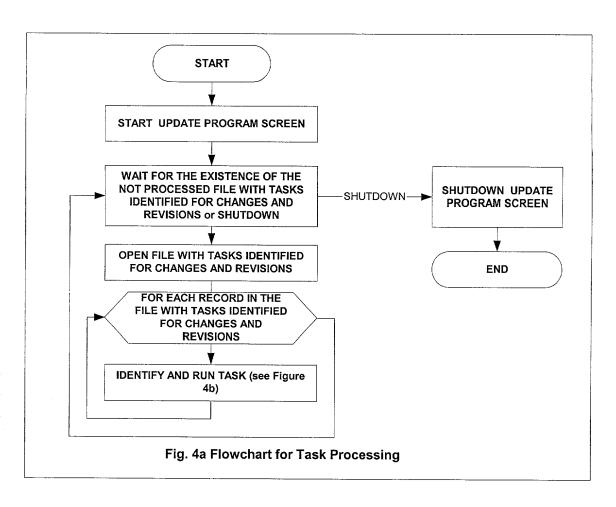
Fig. 1. Prior Art Manual Application





9 1 7 7

Fig 3. Process Flowchart for Emulation & Recording of Event Handlers for each event of a task



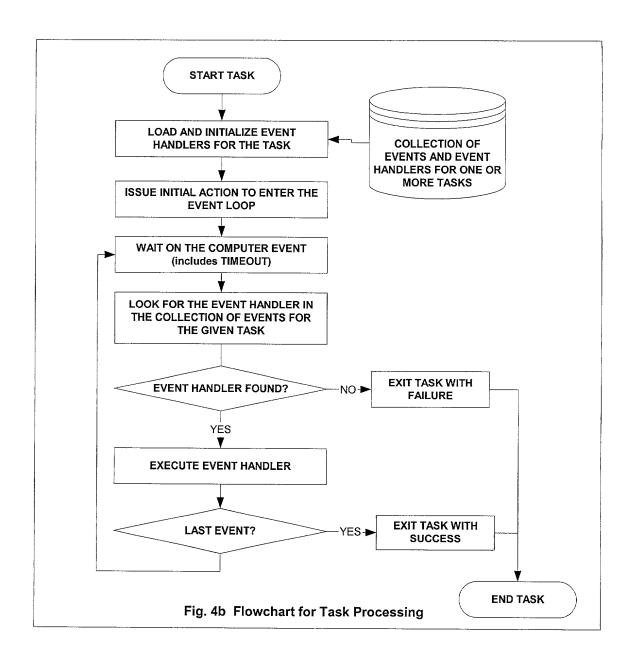


Figure 5. Example of a Typical Task

The following simplified example illustrates the collection of Event Handlers which are required for the execution of the task "Add Adjustment Code to the Claim Line".

| Event | Handler |
|------------------------|---|
| <initial></initial> | Select "Claim Lookup" from the Menu |
| Claim Lookup Window | Enter Claim Id |
| appears | Click on "Lookup" button |
| Claim Display Window | Click on the "Lines" button |
| appears | |
| Claim Lines Display | Go through all the lines, matching the line number |
| Window appears | against the given. |
| | If the line number found, emulate the double-click on |
| | the line. |
| | Set "Exit Status" to "Failure – No Line". |
| | If the line number not found, click on the "Close" |
| | button. |
| Claim Line Edit Window | Enter new Adjustment Code into the adjustment code |
| appears | field. |
| | Set "Exit_Status" to "Success". |
| | Click on the "Close" button. |
| Claim is Pended Window | Set "Exit Status" to "Failure - Pended". |
| appears | Click on "Okay" button. |
| Claim Not Found Window | Set "Exit Status" to "Failure – Not Found". |
| appears | Click on "Okay" button. |
| <timeout></timeout> | Set "Exit Status" to "Failure – Timeout". |
| | Select "Exit" from the Menu |

Figure 6a. Example of typical flow of events

2 2 8

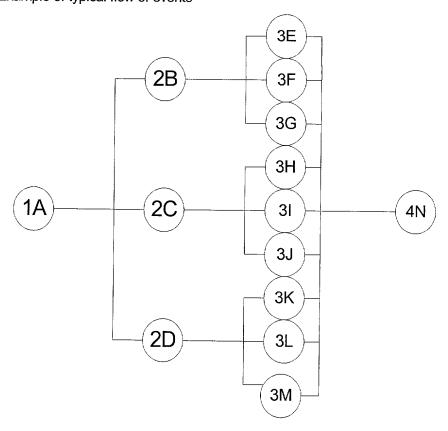


Figure 6b. Prior Patent:

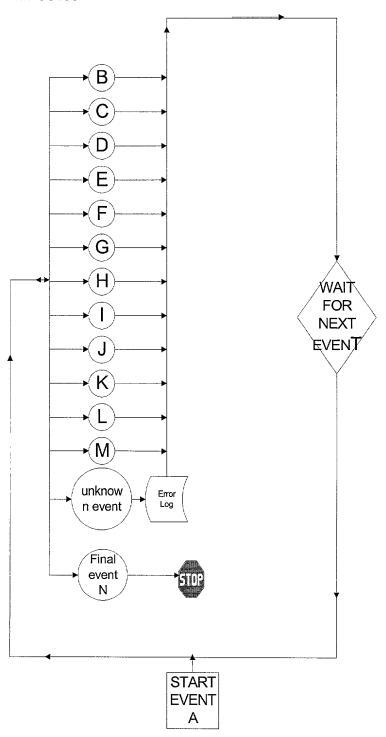
- 1. A --> B --> E --> N
- 2. A --> B --> F --> N
- 3. A --> B --> G --> N
- 4. A --> C --> H --> N
- 5. A --> C --> I -->N
- 6. A --> C --> J --> N
- 7. A --> D --> K --> N
- 8. A --> D --> L --> N
- 9. A --> D --> M --> N

With only 3 steps, and three events potentially occurring at each step Rigid Sequence Programming would have to account for nine potential sequences;

If A --> C --> M occurred, the program would fail.

1 6 F

FIGURE 6C: PATENT PROCESS



The invention requires the programming of events and event handlers. The event handlers wait for events to occur, respond, then waits again. If an unknown event occurs, the program can recognize and handle it by noting the event and writing it to a report, without disrupting the continuation of the program. The programming required by this type of programming is minimal compared to the sequences required of the prior patent.